

# 1 The Suffolk Resolves

2 Joseph Warren, 1774 At a meeting of the delegates of every town & district in the county of  
3 Suffolk, on Tuesday the 6th of September, at the house of Mr. Richard Woodward, of Deadham, &  
4 by adjournment, at the house of Mr. [Daniel] Vose, of Milton, on Friday the 9th instant, Joseph  
5 Palmer, esq. being chosen moderator, and William Thompson, esq. clerk, a committee was  
6 chosen to bring in a report to the convention, and the following being several times read, and put  
7 paragraph by paragraph, was unanimously voted, viz.

8 Whereas the power but not the justice, the vengeance but not the wisdom of GreatBritain, which  
9 of old persecuted, scourged, and exiled our fugitive parents from their native shores, now  
10 pursues us, their guiltless children, with unrelenting severity: And whereas, this, then savage  
11 and uncultivated desart, was purchased by the toil and treasure, or acquired by the blood and  
12 valor of those our venerable progenitors; to us they bequeathed the dearbought inheritance, to  
13 our care and protection they consigned it, and the most sacred obligations are upon us to  
14 transmit the glorious purchase, unfettered by power, unclogged with shackles, to our innocent  
15 and beloved offspring. On the fortitude, on the wisdom and on the exertions of this important  
16 day, is suspended the fate of this new world, and of unborn millions. If a boundless extent of  
17 continent, swarming with millions, will tamely submit to live, move and have their being at the  
18 arbitrary will of a licentious minister, they basely yield to voluntary slavery, and future  
19 generations shall load their memories with incessant execrations.--On the other hand, if we  
20 arrest the hand which would ransack our pockets, if we disarm the parricide which points the  
21dagger to our bosoms, if we nobly defeat that fatal edict which proclaims a power to frame laws  
22 for us in all cases whatsoever, thereby entailing the endless and numberless curses of slavery  
23 upon us, our heirs and their heirs forever; if we successfully resist that unparalleled usurpation  
24 of unconstitutional power, whereby our capital is robbed of the means of life; whereby the  
25 streets of Boston are thronged with military executioners; whereby our coasts are lined and

1 harbours crouded with ships of war; whereby the charter of the colony, that sacred barrier  
2 against the encroachments of tyranny, is mutilated and, in effect, annihilated; whereby a  
3 murderous law is framed to shelter villains from the hands of justice; whereby the unalienable  
4 and inestimable inheritance, which we derived from nature, the constitution of Britain, and the  
5 privileges warranted to us in the charter of the province, is totally wrecked, annulled, and  
6 vacated, posterity will acknowledge that virtue which preserved them free and happy; and while  
7 we enjoy the rewards and blessings of the faithful, the torrent of panegyrists will roll our  
8 reputations to that latest period, when the streams of time shall be absorbed in the abyss of  
9 eternity.--Therefore, we have resolved, and do resolve,

10 1. That whereas his majesty, George the Third, is the rightful successor to the throne of Great-  
11 Britain, and justly entitled to the allegiance of the British realm, and agreeable to compact, of  
12 the English colonies in America--therefore, we, the heirs and successors of the first planters of  
13 this colony, do cheerfully acknowledge the said George the Third to be our rightful sovereign,  
14 and that said covenant is the tenure and claim on which are founded our allegiance and  
15 submission.

16 2. That it is an indispensable duty which we owe to God, our country, ourselves and posterity,  
17 by all lawful ways and means in our power to maintain, defend and preserve those civil and  
18 religious rights and liberties, for which many of our fathers fought, bled and died, and to hand  
19 them down entire to future generations.

20 3. That the late acts of the British parliament for blocking up the harbour of Boston, for altering  
21 the established form of government in this colony, and for screening the most flagitious  
22 violators of the laws of the province from a legal trial, are gross infractions of those rights to  
23 which we are justly entitled by the laws of nature, the British constitution, and the  
24 charter of the province.

25 4. That no obedience is due from this province to either or any part of the acts

1 abovementioned, but that they be rejected as the attempts of a wicked administration to enslave  
2 America.

3 5. That so long as the justices of our superior court of judicature, court of assize, &c. and inferior  
4 court of common pleas in this county are appointed, or hold their places, by any other tenure  
5 than that which the charter and the laws of the province direct, they must be considered as  
6 under undue influence, and are therefore unconstitutional officers, and, as such, no regard ought  
7 to be paid to them by the people of this county.

8 6. That if the justices of the superior court of judicature, assize, &c. justices of the court of  
9 common pleas, or of the general sessions of the peace, shall sit and act during their present  
10 disqualified state, this county will support, and bear harmless, all sheriffs and their deputies,  
11 constables, jurors and other officers who shall refuse to carry into execution the orders of said  
12 courts; and, as far as possible, to prevent the many inconveniencies which must be occasioned  
13 by a suspension of the courts of justice, we do most earnestly recommend it to all creditors, that  
14 they shew all reasonable and even generous forbearance to their debtors; and to all debtors, to  
15 pay their just debts with all possible speed, and if any disputes relative to debts or trespasses  
16 shall arise, which cannot be settled by the parties, we recommend it to them to submit all such  
17 causes to arbitration; and it is our opinion that the contending parties or either of them, who  
18 shall refuse so to do, ought to be considered as co-operating with the enemies of this country.

19 7. That it be recommended to the collectors of taxes, constables and all other officers, who have  
20 public monies in their hands, to retain the same, and not to make any payment thereof to the  
21 provincial county treasurer until the civil government of the province is placed upon a  
22 constitutional foundation, or until it shall otherwise be ordered by the proposed provincial  
23 Congress.

24 8. That the persons who have accepted seats at the council board, by virtue of a mandamus  
25 from the King, in conformity to the late act of the British parliament, entitled, an act for the

1 regulating the government of the Massachusetts-Bay, have acted in direct violation of the duty  
2 they owe to their country, and have thereby given great and just offence to this people; therefore,  
3 resolved, that this county do recommend it to all persons, who have so highly offended by  
4 accepting said departments, and have not already publicly resigned their seats at the council  
5 board, to make public resignations of their places at said board, on or before the 20th day of this  
6 instant, September; and that all persons refusing so to do, shall, from and after said day, be  
7 considered by this county as obstinate and incorrigible enemies to this country.

8 9. That the fortifications begun and now carrying on upon Boston Neck, are justly alarming to  
9 this county, and gives us reason to apprehend some hostile intention against that town, more  
10 especially as the commander in chief has, in a very extraordinary manner, removed the powder  
11 from the magazine at Charlestown, and has also forbidden the keeper of the magazine at  
12 Boston, to deliver out to the owners, the powder, which they had lodged in said magazine.

13 10. That the late act of parliament for establishing the Roman Catholic religion and the French  
14 laws in that extensive country, now called Canada, is dangerous in an extreme degree to the  
15 Protestant religion and to the civil rights and liberties of all America; and, therefore, as men  
16 and Protestant Christians, we are indispensably obliged to take all proper measures for our  
17 security.

18 11. That whereas our enemies have flattered themselves that they shall make an easy prey of  
19 this numerous, brave and hardy people, from an apprehension that they are unacquainted  
20 with military discipline; we, therefore, for the honour, defence and security of this county and  
21 province, advise, as it has been recommended to take away all commissions from the officers of  
22 the militia, that those who now hold commissions, or such other persons, be elected in each  
23 town as officers in the militia, as shall be judged of sufficient capacity for that purpose, and who  
24 have evidenced themselves the inflexible friends to the rights of the people; and that the  
25 inhabitants of those towns and districts, who are qualified, do use their utmost diligence to

1 acquaint themselves with the art of war as soon as possible, and do, for that purpose, appear  
2 under arms at least once every week.

3 12. That during the present hostile appearances on the part of Great-Britain, notwithstanding  
4 the many insults and oppressions which we most sensibly resent, yet, nevertheless, from our  
5 affection to his majesty, which we have at all times evidenced, we are determined to act merely  
6 upon the defensive, so long as such conduct may be vindicated by reason and the principles of  
7 self-preservation, but no longer.

8 13. That, as we understand it has been in contemplation to apprehend sundry persons of this  
9 county, who have rendered themselves conspicuous in contending for the violated rights and  
10 liberties of their countrymen; we do recommend, should such an audacious measure be put in  
11 practice, to seize and keep in safe custody, every servant of the present tyrannical and  
12 unconstitutional government throughout the county and province, until the persons so  
13 apprehended be liberated from the bands of our adversaries, and restored safe and uninjured  
14 to their respective friends and families.

15 14. That until our rights are fully restored to us, we will, to the utmost of our power, and we  
16 recommend the same to the other counties, to withhold all commercial intercourse with Great-  
17 Britain, Ireland, and the West-Indies, and abstain from the consumption of British merchandise  
18 and manufactures, and especially of East-Indies, and piece goods, with such additions,  
19 alterations, and exceptions only, as the General Congress of the colonies may agree to.

20 15. That under our present circumstances, it is incumbent on us to encourage arts and  
21 manufactures amongst us, by all means in our power, and that be and are hereby appointed a  
22 committee, to consider of the best ways and means to promote and establish the same, and to  
23 report to this convention as soon as may be.

24 16. That the exigencies of our public affairs, demand that a provincial Congress be called to  
25 consult such measures as may be adopted, and vigorously executed by the whole people; and

1 we do recommend it to the several towns in this county, to chuse members for such a provincial  
2 Congress, to be holden at Concord, on the second Tuesday of October, next ensuing.

3 17. That this county, confiding in the wisdom and integrity of the continental Congress, now  
4 sitting at Philadelphia , pay all due respect and submission to such measures as may be  
5 recommended by them to the colonies, for the restoration and establishment of our just rights,  
6 civil and religious, and for renewing that harmony and union between GreatBritain and the  
7 colonies, so earnestly wished for by all good men.

8 18. That whereas the universal uneasiness which prevails among all orders of men, arising from  
9 the wicked and oppressive measures of the present administration, may influence some  
10 unthinking persons to commit outrage upon private property; we would heartily recommend to  
11 all persons of this community, not to engage in any routs, riots, or licentious attacks upon the  
12 properties of any person whatsoever, as being subversive of all order and government; but, by a  
13 steady, manly, uniform, and persevering opposition, to convince our enemies, that in a contest  
14 so important, in a cause so solemn, our conduct shall be such as to merit the approbation of the  
15 wise, and the admiration of the brave and free of every age and of every country.

16 19. That should our enemies, by any sudden manoeuvres, render it necessary to ask the aid  
17 and assistance of our brethren in the country, some one of the committee of correspondence, or  
18 a select man of such town, or the town adjoining, where such hostilities shall commence, or  
19 shall be expected to commence, shall despatch couriers with written messages to the select  
20 men, or committees of correspondence, of the several towns in the vicinity, with a written  
21 account of such matter, who shall despatch others to committees more remote, until proper  
22 and sufficient assistance be obtained, and that the expense of said couriers be defrayed by the  
23 county, until proper and sufficient assistance be obtained, and that the expense of said couriers  
24 be defrayed by the county, until it shall be otherwise ordered by the provincial Congress.

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