

1 The Suffolk Resolves

2 Joseph Warren, 1774 At a meeting of the delegates of every town & district in the county of
3 Suffolk, on Tuesday the 6th of September, at the house of Mr. Richard Woodward, of Deadham, &
4 by adjournment, at the house of Mr. [Daniel] Vose, of Milton, on Friday the 9th instant, Joseph
5 Palmer, esq. being chosen moderator, and William Thompson, esq. clerk, a committee was
6 chosen to bring in a report to the convention, and the following being several times read, and put
7 paragraph by paragraph, was unanimously voted, viz.
8 Whereas the power but not the justice, the vengeance but not the wisdom of Great Britain, which
9 of old persecuted, scourged, and exiled our fugitive parents from their native shores, now
10 pursues us, their guiltless children, with unrelenting severity: And whereas, this, then savage
11 and uncultivated desert, was purchased by the toil and treasure, or acquired by the blood and
12 valor of those our venerable progenitors; to us they bequeathed the dearbought inheritance, to
13 our care and protection they consigned it, and the most sacred obligations are upon us to
14 transmit the glorious purchase, unfettered by power, unclogged with shackles, to our innocent
15 and beloved offspring. On the fortitude, on the wisdom and on the exertions of this important
16 day, is suspended the fate of this new world, and of unborn millions. If a boundless extent of
17 continent, swarming with millions, will tamely submit to live, move and have their being at the
18 arbitrary will of a licentious minister, they basely yield to voluntary slavery, and future
19 generations shall load their memories with incessant execrations.--On the other hand, if we
20 arrest the hand which would ransack our pockets, if we disarm the parricide which points the
21 dagger to our bosoms, if we nobly defeat that fatal edict which proclaims a power to frame laws
22 for us in all cases whatsoever, thereby entailing the endless and numberless curses of slavery
23 upon us, our heirs and their heirs forever; if we successfully resist that unparalleled usurpation
24 of unconstitutional power, whereby our capital is robbed of the means of life; whereby the
25 streets of Boston are thronged with military executioners; whereby our coasts are lined and

1 harbours crowded with ships of war; whereby the charter of the colony, that sacred barrier
2 against the encroachments of tyranny, is mutilated and, in effect, annihilated; whereby a
3 murderous law is framed to shelter villains from the hands of justice; whereby the unalienable
4 and inestimable inheritance, which we derived from nature, the constitution of Britain, and the
5 privileges warranted to us in the charter of the province, is totally wrecked, annulled, and
6 vacated, posterity will acknowledge that virtue which preserved them free and happy; and while
7 we enjoy the rewards and blessings of the faithful, the torrent of panegyrists will roll our
8 reputations to that latest period, when the streams of time shall be absorbed in the abyss of
9 eternity.--Therefore, we have resolved, and do resolve,

10 1. That whereas his majesty, George the Third, is the rightful successor to the throne of Great-
11 Britain, and justly entitled to the allegiance of the British realm, and agreeable to compact, of
12 the English colonies in America--therefore, we, the heirs and successors of the first planters of
13 this colony, do cheerfully acknowledge the said George the Third to be our rightful sovereign,
14 and that said covenant is the tenure and claim on which are founded our allegiance and
15 submission.

16 2. That it is an indispensable duty which we owe to God, our country, ourselves and posterity,
17 by all lawful ways and means in our power to maintain, defend and preserve those civil and
18 religious rights and liberties, for which many of our fathers fought, bled and died, and to hand
19 them down entire to future generations.

20 3. That the late acts of the British parliament for blocking up the harbour of Boston, for altering
21 the established form of government in this colony, and for screening the most flagitious
22 violators of the laws of the province from a legal trial, are gross infractions of those rights to
23 which we are justly entitled by the laws of nature, the British constitution, and the
24 charter of the province.

25 4. That no obedience is due from this province to either or any part of the acts

1 abovementioned, but that they be rejected as the attempts of a wicked administration to enslave
2 America.

3 5. That so long as the justices of our superior court of judicature, court of assize, &c. and inferior
4 court of common pleas in this county are appointed, or hold their places, by any other tenure
5 than that which the charter and the laws of the province direct, they must be considered as
6 under undue influence, and are therefore unconstitutional officers, and, as such, no regard ought
7 to be paid to them by the people of this county.

8 6. That if the justices of the superior court of judicature, assize, &c. justices of the court of
9 common pleas, or of the general sessions of the peace, shall sit and act during their present
10 disqualified state, this county will support, and bear harmless, all sheriffs and their deputies,
11 constables, jurors and other officers who shall refuse to carry into execution the orders of said
12 courts; and, as far as possible, to prevent the many inconveniencies which must be occasioned
13 by a suspension of the courts of justice, we do most earnestly recommend it to all creditors, that
14 they shew all reasonable and even generous forbearance to their debtors; and to all debtors, to
15 pay their just debts with all possible speed, and if any disputes relative to debts or trespasses
16 shall arise, which cannot be settled by the parties, we recommend it to them to submit all such
17 causes to arbitration; and it is our opinion that the contending parties or either of them, who
18 shall refuse so to do, ought to be considered as co-operating with the enemies of this country.

19 7. That it be recommended to the collectors of taxes, constables and all other officers, who have
20 public monies in their hands, to retain the same, and not to make any payment thereof to the
21 provincial county treasurer until the civil government of the province is placed upon a
22 constitutional foundation, or until it shall otherwise be ordered by the proposed provincial
23 Congress.

24 8. That the persons who have accepted seats at the council board, by virtue of a mandamus
25 from the King, in conformity to the late act of the British parliament, entitled, an act for the

1 regulating the government of the Massachusetts-Bay, have acted in direct violation of the duty
2 they owe to their country, and have thereby given great and just offence to this people; therefore,
3 resolved, that this county do recommend it to all persons, who have so highly offended by
4 accepting said departments, and have not already publicly resigned their seats at the council
5 board, to make public resignations of their places at said board, on or before the 20th day of this
6 instant, September; and that all persons refusing so to do, shall, from and after said day, be
7 considered by this county as obstinate and incorrigible enemies to this country.

8 9. That the fortifications begun and now carrying on upon Boston Neck, are justly alarming to
9 this county, and gives us reason to apprehend some hostile intention against that town, more
10 especially as the commander in chief has, in a very extraordinary manner, removed the powder
11 from the magazine at Charlestown, and has also forbidden the keeper of the magazine at
12 Boston, to deliver out to the owners, the powder, which they had lodged in said magazine.

13 10. That the late act of parliament for establishing the Roman Catholic religion and the French
14 laws in that extensive country, now called Canada, is dangerous in an extreme degree to the
15 Protestant religion and to the civil rights and liberties of all America; and, therefore, as men
16 and Protestant Christians, we are indispensably obliged to take all proper measures for our
17 security.

18 11. That whereas our enemies have flattered themselves that they shall make an easy prey of
19 this numerous, brave and hardy people, from an apprehension that they are unacquainted
20 with military discipline; we, therefore, for the honour, defence and security of this county and
21 province, advise, as it has been recommended to take away all commissions from the officers of
22 the militia, that those who now hold commissions, or such other persons, be elected in each
23 town as officers in the militia, as shall be judged of sufficient capacity for that purpose, and who
24 have evidenced themselves the inflexible friends to the rights of the people; and that the
25 inhabitants of those towns and districts, who are qualified, do use their utmost diligence to

1 acquaint themselves with the art of war as soon as possible, and do, for that purpose, appear
2 under arms at least once every week.

3 12. That during the present hostile appearances on the part of Great-Britain, notwithstanding
4 the many insults and oppressions which we most sensibly resent, yet, nevertheless, from our
5 affection to his majesty, which we have at all times evidenced, we are determined to act merely
6 upon the defensive, so long as such conduct may be vindicated by reason and the principles of
7 self-preservation, but no longer.

8 13. That, as we understand it has been in contemplation to apprehend sundry persons of this
9 county, who have rendered themselves conspicuous in contending for the violated rights and
10 liberties of their countrymen; we do recommend, should such an audacious measure be put in
11 practice, to seize and keep in safe custody, every servant of the present tyrannical and
12 unconstitutional government throughout the county and province, until the persons so
13 apprehended be liberated from the bands of our adversaries, and restored safe and uninjured
14 to their respective friends and families.

15 14. That until our rights are fully restored to us, we will, to the utmost of our power, and we
16 recommend the same to the other counties, to withhold all commercial intercourse with Great-
17 Britain, Ireland, and the West-Indies, and abstain from the consumption of British merchandise
18 and manufactures, and especially of East-Indies, and piece goods, with such additions,
19 alterations, and exceptions only, as the General Congress of the colonies may agree to.

20 15. That under our present circumstances, it is incumbent on us to encourage arts and
21 manufactures amongst us, by all means in our power, and that be and are hereby appointed a
22 committee, to consider of the best ways and means to promote and establish the same, and to
23 report to this convention as soon as may be.

24 16. That the exigencies of our public affairs, demand that a provincial Congress be called to
25 consult such measures as may be adopted, and vigorously executed by the whole people; and

1 we do recommend it to the several towns in this county, to chuse members for such a provincial
2 Congress, to be holden at Concord, on the second Tuesday of October, next ensuing.
3 17. That this county, confiding in the wisdom and integrity of the continental Congress, now
4 sitting at Philadelphia , pay all due respect and submission to such measures as may be
5 recommended by them to the colonies, for the restoration and establishment of our just rights,
6 civil and religious, and for renewing that harmony and union between GreatBritain and the
7 colonies, so earnestly wished for by all good men.
8 18. That whereas the universal uneasiness which prevails among all orders of men, arising from
9 the wicked and oppressive measures of the present administration, may influence some
10 unthinking persons to commit outrage upon private property; we would heartily recommend to
11 all persons of this community, not to engage in any routs, riots, or licentious attacks upon the
12 properties of any person whatsoever, as being subversive of all order and government; but, by a
13 steady, manly, uniform, and persevering opposition, to convince our enemies, that in a contest
14 so important, in a cause so solemn, our conduct shall be such as to merit the approbation of the
15 wise, and the admiration of the brave and free of every age and of every country.
16 19. That should our enemies, by any sudden manoeuvres, render it necessary to ask the aid
17 and assistance of our brethren in the country, some one of the committee of correspondence, or
18 a select man of such town, or the town adjoining, where such hostilities shall commence, or
19 shall be expected to commence, shall despatch couriers with written messages to the select
20 men, or committees of correspondence, of the several towns in the vicinity, with a written
21 account of such matter, who shall despatch others to committees more remote, until proper
22 and sufficient assistance be obtained, and that the expense of said couriers be defrayed by the
23 county, until proper and sufficient assistance be obtained, and that the expense of said couriers
24 be defrayed by the county, until it shall be otherwise ordered by the provincial Congress.